

Introduction to CosmoMC

Part III: Analysis - GetDist & GetDist GUI

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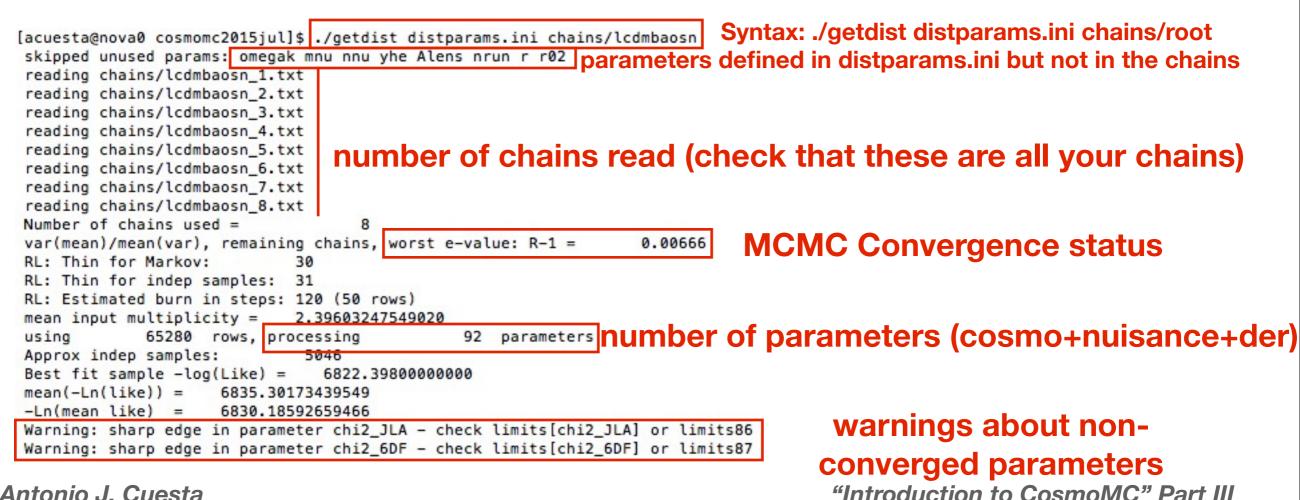
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Outline of Part III

- The analysis code GetDist
- GetDist products: Margestats vs likestats
- How to generate plots with GetDist
- Using Planck public chains
- Interactive plots with GetDist GUI

GetDist: Analysis of MCMC chains

- When your chains are **mostly converged**, you can now retrieve your cosmological **bounds** (there is no need to wait until the code stops running)
- A typical execution of **GetDist** will look like this:



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GetDist products

- The following files are generated when you run GetDist (the first time you need to create the folder **plot_data**, not created by default !!)
- root.likestats and root.margestats: parameter constraints (see next slide)
- **root.corr** and **root.covmat**: these are the <u>correlation matrix</u> R_{ij} and the <u>covariance matrix</u> C_{ij} of the chain parameters, where $R_{ij}=C_{ij}/sqrt(C_{ii}C_{jj})$. Note the file root.covmat can be used in params.ini to help in faster convergence
- **root.converge**: contains information on the <u>convergence</u> of your chains (e.g. R-1 for each parameter, chain auto-correlations, etc)
- all the information to make 1D, 2D, 3D, and triangle <u>plots</u> will be there. Also **root.py** and **root_2D.py** will be created to make matplotlib plots (cf.later)
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Margestats

- This is probably the most valuable product of your chain. It contains the mean value of each parameter (cosmological, nuisance, and derived '*'), its standard deviation, its lower and upper limits for the 68%, 95%, 99% confidence levels Also if limits are 1-tail ('<', '>') or 2-tail, and even chi2 from each likelihood
- It is useful to write a script to parse this file to make a LaTeX table automatically

Marginalized limits: 0.68; 0.95; 0.99

parameter	mean	sddev	lower1	upper1	limit1	lower2	upper2	limit2	lower3	uppe
omegabh2	0.2227594E-01	0.1409804E-03	0.2213470E-01	0.2241652E-01	two	0.2200101E-01	0.2255144E-01	two	0.2191544E-01	0.22
omegach2	0.1192956E+00	0.1068506E-02	0.1182545E+00	0.1203491E+00	two	0.1171635E+00	0.1213484E+00	two	0.1164438E+00	0.12
theta	0.1040831E+01	0.2995374E-03	0.1040534E+01	0.1041130E+01	two	0.1040247E+01	0.1041420E+01	two	0.1040057E+01	0.10
tau	0.8200741E-01	0.1643758E-01	0.6557802E-01	0.9862151E-01	two	0.4956239E-01	0.1138723E+00	two	0.4020595E-01	0.12
logA	0.3097935E+01	0.3246072E-01	0.3065291E+01	0.3130707E+01	two	0.3034228E+01	0.3160888E+01	two	0.3013767E+01	0.31
ns	0.9658500E+00	0.4063676E-02	0.9618321E+00	0.9698272E+00	two	0.9579955E+00	0.9740912E+00	two	0.9555469E+00	0.97
calPlanck	0.1000465E+01	0.2516048E-02	0.9979804E+00	0.1002947E+01	two	0.9954956E+00	0.1005439E+01	two	0.9939398E+00	0.10
acib217	0.6359261E+02	0.6577819E+01	0.5697960E+02	0.7011801E+02	two	0.5088221E+02	0.7649609E+02	two	0.4702681E+02	0.80
xi	0.5220534E+00	0.2840235E+00	0.000000E+00	0.1000000E+01	none	0.000000E+00	0.1000000E+01	none	0.000000E+00	0.10
asz143	0.5399273E+01	0.1871846E+01	0.3556131E+01	0.7442447E+01	two	0.1661532E+01	0.8952850E+01	two	0.7504497E+00	0.96
aps100	0.2590954E+03	0.2746669E+02	0.2316349E+03	0.2864320E+03	two	0.2053967E+03	0.3134392E+03	two	0.1890985E+03	0.33
aps143	0.4325286E+02	0.7687977E+01	0.3552913E+02	0.5095578E+02	two	0.2797599E+02	0.5791646E+02	two	0.2349064E+02	0.61
aps143217	0.4026165E+02	0.9948208E+01	0.3006222E+02	0.5063956E+02	two	0.2158706E+02	0.5957445E+02	two	0.1655117E+02	0.64
aps217	0.9815534E+02	0.1100181E+02	0.8722243E+02	0.1092326E+03	two	0.7626975E+02	0.1192058E+03	two	0.6946944E+02	0.12
aksz	0.3160785E+01	0.2332050E+01	0.000000E+00	0.4034485E+01	>	0.000000E+00	0.7749367E+01	>	0.000000E+00	0.10

Remember that the difference between the likelihood and the marginalized likelihood is an integral over all the other parameters

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Likestats

- This contains less relevant, but still sometimes useful, information.
 It is NOT what you usually would quote in a paper
- As opposed to the margestats file, which contains the mean and marginalized bounds for each parameter, this contains the **bestfit** value and the **bounds** of the **mean likelihood** distribution (not the posterior!) for each parameter
- Remember the bestfit value is better computed by action=2 anyway

```
Best fit sample -log(Like) =
                                6473.21100000000
mean(-Ln(like)) =
                     6485.79215678916
-Ln(mean like) =
                     6480.82803795574
                     lower1
      bestfit
                                    upper1
                                                  lower2
                                                                 upper2
param
   1 0.2217489E-01 0.2174304E-01 0.2277782E-01 0.2171054E-01
                                                                 0.2282913E-01
                                                                                 \Omega_b h^2
     0.1188333E+00 0.1156735E+00 0.1232585E+00
                                                                                \Omega_c h^2
   2
                                                  0.1153518E+00
                                                                 0.1233322E+00
     0.1040975E+01 0.1039816E+01 0.1041871E+01 0.1039671E+01 0.1042056E+01
                                                                                 100\theta {MC}
   з
      0.7869452E-01 0.2493042E-01 0.1376300E+00
                                                  0.1574288E-01 0.1376300E+00
                                                                                 \tau
      0.3093001E+01
                     0.2979962E+01 0.3210592E+01 0.2963312E+01
                                                                 0.3212904E+01
                                                                                 {\rm{ln}}(10^{10} A_s)
   5
     0.9666794E+00 0.9525799E+00 0.9811147E+00 0.9509012E+00
                                                                 0.9853592E+00
                                                                                 n s
      0.1001416E+01 0.9911159E+00 0.1009053E+01 0.9911159E+00
                                                                 0.1010508E+01
                                                                                y_{\rm cal}
   7
   8
     0.6287429E+02 0.4097516E+02 0.8724035E+02 0.3840288E+02
                                                                 0.9034937E+02
                                                                                 A^{CIB} {217}
                                                                                \xi^{tSZ-CIB}
   9 0.5315644E+00 0.6881551E-04 0.9999398E+00 0.4266870E-04
                                                                 0.9999699E+00
```

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Covariance matrices

- These are important for two reasons:
- First, because they contain the variances and covariances of all parameters,
- and second, because they can be included in your params.ini file in future runs, especially if you think they are a good proposal for the expected covariance in that run. In that case it will help the code converge much faster
- Also they allow for computation involving covariances, e.g.

FoM=1/sqrt(Det(w₀,w_a))

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	-			•				
					beta_JLA acib217			
d	ILTEELAS GALTEELAS		galfTE100		galfTE143 galfTE1			
	0.2651846E-07	-0.1573555E-06	0.2262243E-07	0.7493495E-06	-0.2178883E-06	0.2494428E-05	-0.1282951E-04	
	-0.1276817E-03	0.3048007E-05	0.3182245E-04	-0.5163862E-03	-0.2623848E-03	-0.2672275E-04	0.5491586E-04	
	0.6566699E-07	0.6987950E-07	-0.4491755E-08	0.7394768E-87	0.7627618E-07	0.1544016E-06	-0.7835759E-07	
	0.5267135E-08	-0.1162376E-07						
	-0.1573555E-06	0.2309257E-05	-0.2034277E-06	-0.8635566E-05	0.2342118E-05	-0.1762828E-04	0.5916942E-84	
	0.6098790E-03	-0.1536866E-04	-0.1868635E-03	0.3260676E-02	0.1666958E-02	0.3891061E-03	0.5674583E-05	
	-0.7797215E-06	-0.8867264E-06	-0.2319531E-06	-0.9924366E-06	-0.5761369E-07	-0.5707465E-06	0.4339609E-06	
	-0.15121598-07	0.8016534E-07						
	8.2262243E-87	-0.2034277E-06	0.1079311E-06	0.8600283E-06	-0.2854636E-06	0.2191388E-05	-0.9364706E-05	
	-8.4922939E-84	0.7175632E-06	0.1838311E-04	-0.3280211E-03	-0.1661522E-03	-0.5051050E-04	-0.1266215E-84	
	0.5886126E-07	0.6715962E-07	-0.4900255E-07	0.8440468E-07	-0.1549223E-07	-0.1767368E-06	-0.2624164E-07	
	-0.3238776E-09	-0.6995240E-08						
	0.7493495E-06	-0.8635566E-05	0.8600283E-06	0.3067628E-03	0.6601728E-05	-0.3168061E-03	0.2664801E-02	
	-0.1101247E-01	0.2663647E-03	0.1958146E-02	-0.4638594E-01	-0.1679498E-01	0.8509775E-03	0.8120948E-02	
	0.2453571E-05	0.3168169E-85	-0.3837760E-05	0.3051417E-05	-0.2408161E-05	0.6865577E-06	-0.5999997E-05	
	0.6884432E-07	-0.1136366E-05						
	-0.2178083E-06	0.2342118E-05	-0.2854636E-06	0.6601728E-05	0.1239649E-04	-0.2453361E-03	0.1771642E-02	
	0.1352245E-02	-0.3317391E-04	-0.2555516E-03	0.6191716E-02	0.2827934E-02	0.5207134E-03	-0.4245678E-03	
	-0.7657512E-06	-0.9966254E-06	-0.3259486E-06	-0.9760108E-06	0.9968848E-86	-0.22674938-05	-0.5789844E-06	
	8.8867898E-89	0.1802837E-06						
	0.2494428E-85	-0.1762828E-84	0.2191388E-05	-0.3168061E-03	-0.2453361E-03	0.1802248E-01	-0.8222754E-01	
	-0.2777562E-01	0.6669691E-03	0.3438096E-02	-0.1048167E+00	-0.3650931E-01	-0.1747068E-02	0.1570753E-01	
	0.2373831E-05	0.9164784E-05	0.1955910E-04	0.8339281E-05	-0.3171642E-04	0.3161242E-04	0.5126581E-04	
	-0.5532359E-06	-0.3937042E-05						
	-0.1282951E-04	0.5916942E-04	-0.9364786E-05	0.2664801E-02	0.1771642E-02	-0.8222754E-01	0.4693822E+00	
	0.1704310E+00	-0.3840870E-02	-0.1874376E-01	0.6177674E+00	0.2201816E+00	8.4514734E-82	-0.1098969E+00	
	-0.6929873E-05	-0.3774352E-04	-0.2495288E-04	-0.2653066E-04	0.1760635E-03	-0.4847583E-03	-0.2110406E-03	
	0.3140856E-05	0.2634835E-04						

Thinning chains

- Sometimes you need to share your chains with a collaborator but they
 occupy too much space (especially when convergence criterion is set to a
 strict value), but you want to "compress" your chains in a quasi-loseless way
- Or you want that the points in your chain have very little correlation between step N and N+1, e.g. to compute weighted means <x>=∫xP(x)dx=(1/N_{mcmc})∑x_i
- If that is the case, you can create it automatically by setting in params.ini file the option indep_sample to some large number (e.g. 100). This also creates .data files with all the information (C_ℓ, P(k)) for importance sampling Or just do it with GetDist with a non-zero value in the thin_factor option



• **Distparams.ini** is the parameter file for **GetDist**. The syntax is:

```
./getdist distparams.ini chains/root
```

(note that you don't need to specify root_1.txt, this will **automatically** detect how many chains you have) and the most useful settings are:

• To create (or not) python scripts for **plotting** just set no_plots = (T or F)

```
#if no_plots =F, produce plot script files for specific plots producing ./plot_data/ density files
no_plots = T
```

 1D plots (marginalized probability distribution functions): automatically these will be generated for all parameters, but you can choose which ones

#Parameters to use. If not specified use all parameters which have lables.
#plot_params = omegabh2 omegach2 tau ns



0.1

0.0

0.2 0.3

 Σm .

0.4

• for **2D plots** (contour plots):

#if we only want 2D plots agains a particular variable
plot_2D_param = 0
#if above zero__instead plot_iust_these_combinations:

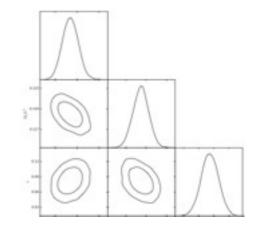
#if above zero, instead plot just these combinations: #if both zero it will plot most correlated variables plot_2D_num = 0 plot1 = ns omegabh2 plot2 =

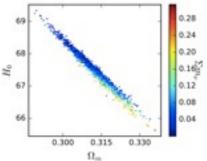
• for triangle plots (combination of 2D plots):

#Output 2D plots for param combos with 1D marginalized plots along the diagonal triangle_plot = T triangle_params = omegabh2 omegach2 tau omegak mnu nnu yhe Alens ns nrun logA r H0 omegam omegal sigma8 r02

• for **3D plots** (2D plots color-coded using a 3rd parameter):

#number of sample plots, colored by third parameter #if last parameter is 0 or -1 colored by the parameter most correlated #with one of the eigenvector directions (e.g. parallel or orthogonal to degeneracy) num_3D_plots = 1 3D_plot1 = H0 omegam tau $\begin{array}{c}
0.705 \\
\hline
0.690 \\
0.675 \\
0.660 \\
\hline
0.30 \\
0.32 \\
0.34 \\
\Omega_m
\end{array}$





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- Distparams.ini is more than just about plotting:
- Thinning of existing chains

```
# if non-zero, output _thin file, thinned by thin_factor
thin_factor = 0
#Do probabilistic importance sampling to single samples
make_single_samples = F
single_thin = 4
```

• Principal Component Analysis of chain parameters

```
#PCA - analysis output in file file_root.PCA
#number of parameter to do PCA for
PCA_num = 0
PCA_normparam = omegam
#The parameters to use
PCA_params = omegam H0 tau
#L for log(x), M for log(-x), N for no log
PCA_func = LLL
```

- Note that this configuration file also supports INCLUDE and DEFAULT The most technical details of distparams.ini are actually set here: python/getdist/analysis_defaults.ini
 (or alternatively batch2/getdist_common.ini if you use disttest.ini)
- Set a different **confidence level** of your contours (default 68% 95% 99%), or change the **binning** and **smoothing** of your 1D or 2D plots.

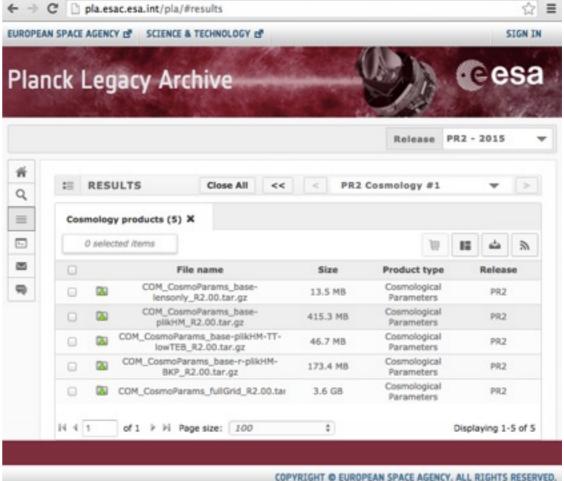
Due to a bug in the current version, you need to modify the parameter file python/getdist/analysis_defaults.ini and set smooth_scale_2D to 2.0 (otherwise if you leave it set to -1 all contour plots will be empty)

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Planck public chains

- The **Planck collaboration** has made their CosmoMC chains **publicly** available (used in Paper XIII, "Cosmological Parameters")
- The chains can be **downloaded** from the ESA/Planck webpage: <u>http://pla.esac.esa.int/pla</u>

 the chains can be downloaded from the ESA/Planck webpage:
 the chains can be downloaded
- Go to "Cosmology" and then click on "Cosmological Parameters"



- The **full grid** is COM_CosmoParams_base-plikHM_R2.00.tar.gz (3.6GB) Remember to read the wiki for details! e.g. "Note that the baseline model includes one massive neutrino (0.06eV). Grid outputs include WMAP 9 results for consistent assumptions." These contain a large number of cosmological **models** and **dataset** combinations (all combinations are Planck+others)
- If you are interested in constraints on inflation, you might want this file too (constraints on primordial B-mode polarization by **Bicep-Keck-Planck**)
 COM_CosmoParams_base_r_plikHM_BKP_R2.00.tar.gz
- The **Documentation** can be found on the ESA/Planck wiki: <u>http://wiki.cosmos.esa.int/planckpla2015/index.php/Cosmological_Parameters</u>

Using GetDist GUI

- **GetDist** has also a python version with a **graphical** user interface (GUI), which makes really easy to **generate plots** similar to those in Planck papers
- To **start the GUI** (remember you <u>need</u> to access the remote computer with graphical mode, i.e. ssh **-X** <u>user@ftaecluster.ugr.es</u>): python python/GetDistGUI.py
- Make sure you have the python environment variables set up so that you can use the code from any directory: export PYTHONPATH=/home/ajcuesta/cosmomc/python:\$PYTHONPATH
- The **Planck2015 public chains** are already installed in ftaecluster here: /home/ajcuesta/PLA2015/

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Image: Organization of the second	
/home/acuesta/scratch/PLA2015/base/plikH × ×	First select your model+data
☐ Select All	
C Line ☐ Shaded	
C Color by:	
Triangle Plot	
Make plot	
Gui Selection Script Preview	

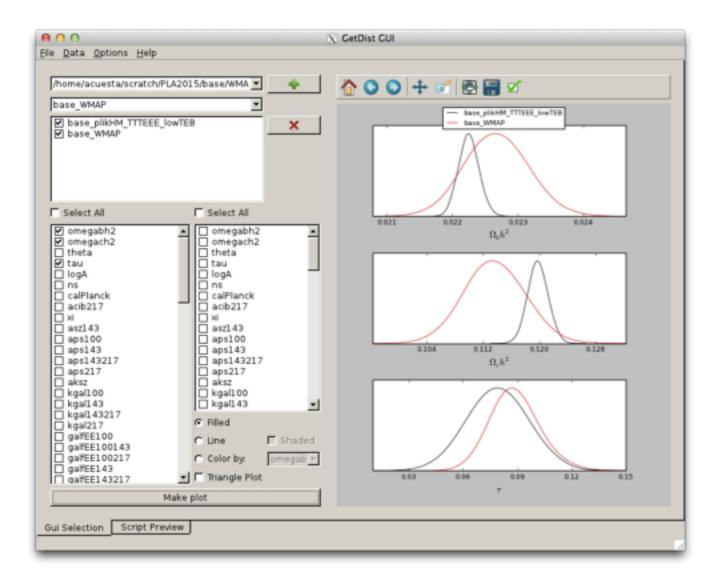
/home/acuesta/scratch/PLA2015/baselplkH	0 0	X GetDist GUI
Select All Select All omegabh2 omegabh2 ogab ogabl217 aksz kgall00 kgall42217 r kgall43 kgall43 kgall4217 r gat#EE100 r gat#EE100 clore by<	ile <u>D</u> ata <u>O</u> ptions <u>H</u> elp	
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Select All Select All omegabh2 omegabh2 omegach2 omegach2 tau logA os calPlanck calPlanck calPlanck ast143 ast143 aps100 aps1431 aps143 set217 aksz kasz kgal143 kasz kgal143 Color by: omegab/ omegab/ aksz kasz kgal1431 megab/ gatfEc1001 Color by: gatfEc1001 megab/ gatfEc1001 megab/ material megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/ megab/	/home/acuesta/scratch/P	LA2015/base/pikH 🗾 🔶
Select All Select All omegabh2 omegabh2 omegach2 omegach2 theta lau logA os ost caPlanck astl 43 astl 43 aps14317 aps143217 aksz ksz kgall 43 ksz kgall 43 ksz galfE100 ksz galfE1012 Color by: omegab 2 omegach2 megach2 megach2 mathetia tau astl 43 astl 43 aps143 aps143 aps143 aps143 aps143 psis143 gall 43 ksz gall 43 ksz galfE100 ksz galfE1010 Line galfE10217 Thiangle Plot Make plot Make plot	base_plikHM_TTTEEE_low	E8 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
omegabh2 ● omegach2 ● theta tau logA logA logA logA logA logA ns calPlanck calPlanck aclo217 acib217 xi asz143 aps100 aps143 aps143217 aps143217 aps143217 aps143217 aksz aksz kgal143 kgal217 filed jaks2143 jaks2143 gab/EE100143 color by: pmegab r gal/EE100143 filed jake plot		
omegabh2 ● omegach2 ● theta tau logA logA logA logA logA logA ns calPlanck calPlanck aclo217 acib217 xi asz143 aps100 aps143 aps143217 aps143217 aps143217 aps143217 aksz aksz kgal143 kgal217 filed jaks2143 jaks2143 gab/EE100143 color by: pmegab r gal/EE100143 filed jake plot	Select All	
kgal217 Filed gaMEE100 Line Shaded gaMEE100143 Color by: omegab gaMEE100217 Color by: omegab gaMEE143 Thangle Plot Make plot	<pre>omegabh2 omegach2 theta tau logA ns calPlanck acib217 xi ass143 aps100 aps143 aps143217 aksz kgal100 kgal143</pre>	Omegabh2 omegach2 theta tau logA ns calPlanck acib217 xi ass143 aps100 aps143217 aps217 aps217 aksz kgal100
GalfEE100143 GalfEE100217 C Color by: Omegab y GalfEE143 GalfEE143217 ▼ Triangle Plot Make plot	kgal217	6 Filed
galfEE100217 C Color by: omegab galfEE143 qalfEE143217 Thangle Plot Make plot	galfEE100	C Line E Shaded
GalfEE143217 I Triangle Plot Make plot	ga#EE100217	Color by: omegab -
	alfEE143217	Triangle Plot
		fake plot
ui Selection Script Preview		
	Gui Selection Script Pre	/ew

Then select the **plain** version or a **post-processed** version (e.g. with BAO)

If you don't want any plots you can instead click on the **Data** menu and check the **margestats**, the **likestats**, and even create a **LaTeX table** of your parameters

000	X GetDist GUI
Ele Data Options Help	
/home/acuesta/scratch/PLA201 base_WMAP Ø base_plikHM_TTTEEE_lowTEB Ø base_WMAP	
C Select All	Select All
galfEE100 galfEE100143 galfEE100217	omegabh2 omegach2 theta logA ns calPlanck acib217 xi ass143 aps100 aps143 aps143217 aps217 aksz kgal100 kgal143
galfEE143 galfEE143217	Triangle Plot
Make p	lot
Gui Selection Script Preview	

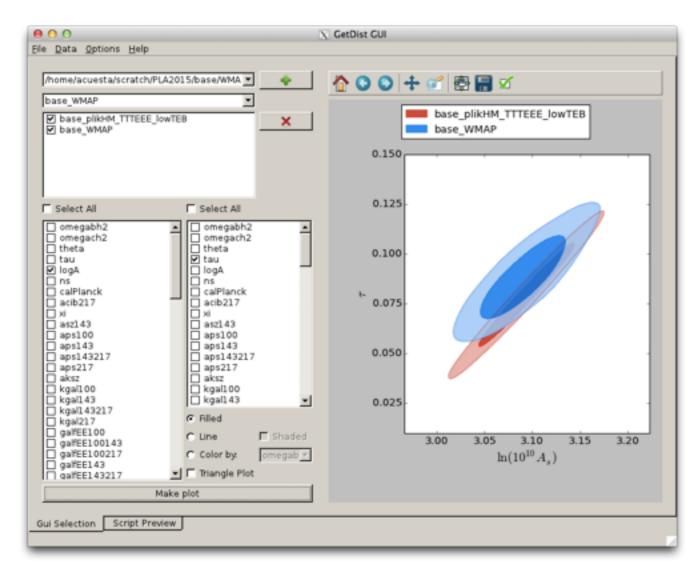
If you want to **compare** different models and/or dataset combinations click the **green +** button and **add** them



For **1D plots**, select the parameters you want from the **left column** and click **"Make plot"**

You can **configure** the plot (colors, shading, etc - matplotlib style) using the "**Options**" menu, then "**Plot settings**"

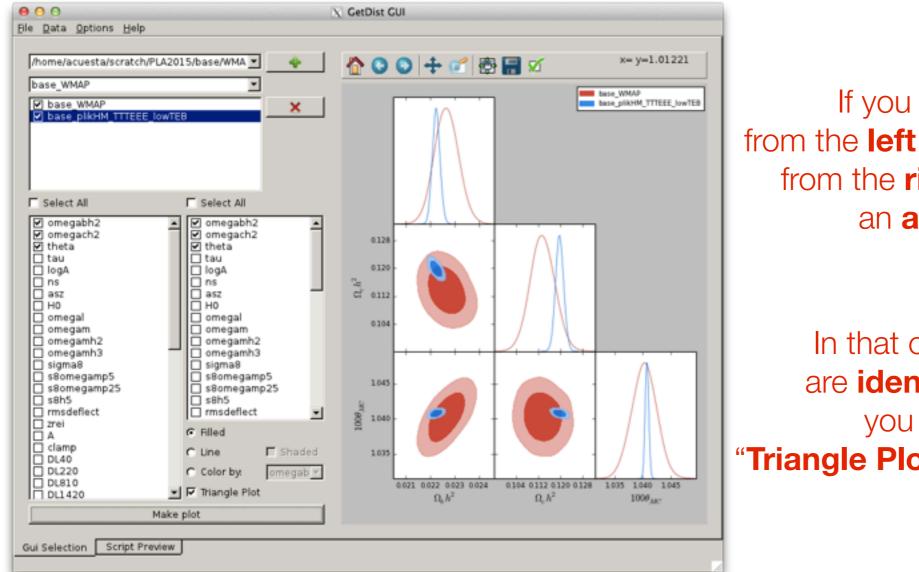
Save the figure by clicking on the **floppy disk** icon (many formats available: png, pdf...)



For **2D plots**, select one parameter from the **left** column and another from the **right** column and click "**Make plot**"

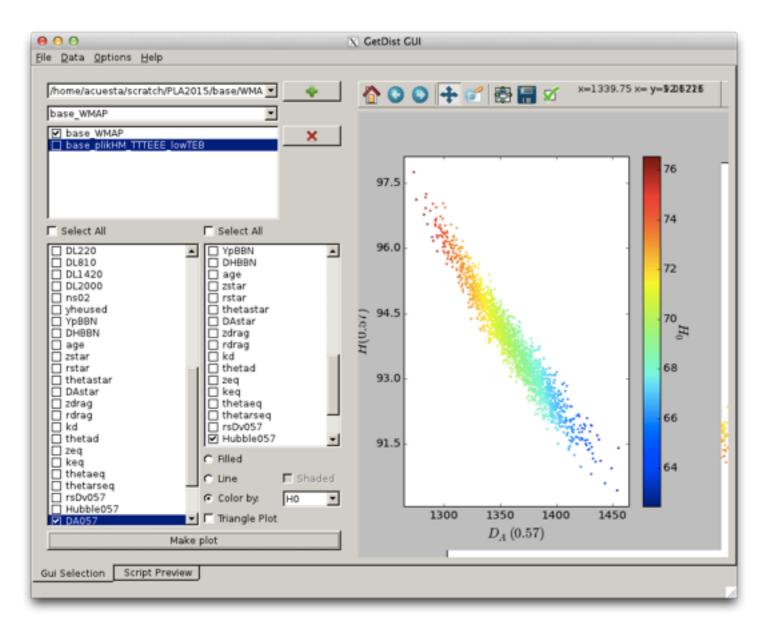
You can plot only **empty contours** if you click on "**Line**", or **filled contours** if you click on "**Filled**"

If the plot looks very noisy change **smooth_scale_2D** to **2.0** or play with that value



If you select **N** parameters from the **left** column and **M** parameters from the **right** column, you will get an **array of N*M plots**

In that case, if the parameters are **identical** in **both** columns, you can also make it a "**Triangle Plot**" by clicking on that option



Finally you can do also **3D plots**. In that case it makes sense only to select **1 single model+dataset**.

These plots are useful to get some intuition of degeneracies and parameter ranges in each model or dataset combination!

more examples at http://getdist.readthedocs.org/en/latest/plot_gallery.html

Antonio J. Cuesta

More questions?

• Help resources:

http://cosmologist.info/cosmomc/readme.html (CosmoMC Readme) http://cosmologist.info/cosmomc/readme_planck.html (Planck Readme) http://cosmologist.info/cosmomc/readme_python.html (Python Readme) http://cosmologist.info/cosmomc/readme_gui.html (GetDist GUI Readme) http://cosmologist.info/cosmomc/readme_grids.html (Grids Readme)

- **Support** (CosmoCoffee wiki): <u>http://cosmocoffee.info/</u>
- Mail me!
 <u>ajcuesta@icc.ub.edu</u>

Thank you

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